University of Nevada, Las Vegas Computer Science 477/677 Fall 2021

Assignment 1: Due Monday August 30 2021

Name:_____

You are permitted to work in groups, get help from others, read books, and use the internet. Your answers must be written in a pdf file and uploaded to canvas, by midnight January 26th. Your file must not exceed 4 pages. If you have any questions, or you are having trouble uploading the assignment you may email the grader, Nicholas Heerdt at `heerdt@unlv.nevada.edu`.

1. Problem 0.1 on page 8 of the textbook. In each of the following situations, write O, Ω. Θ in the blank.

   (a) $n - 100 =$ _____ $(n - 200)$

   (b) $n^{1/2} =$ _____ $(n^{2/3})$

   (c) $100n + \log n =$ _____ $(n + \log^2 n)$

   (d) $n \log n =$ _____ $(10n + \log(10n))$

   (e) $\log(2n) =$ _____ $(\log(3n))$

   (f) $10 \log n =$ _____ $(\log(n^2))$

   (g) $n^{1.01} =$ _____ $(n \log^2 n)$

   (h) $n^2 / \log n =$ _____ $(n \log^2 n)$

   (i) $n^{0.1} =$ _____ $(\log^2 n)$

   (j) $(logn)^{\log n} =$ _____ $(n / \log n)$

   (k) $\sqrt{n} =$ _____ $(\log^3 n)$

   (l) $n^{1/2} =$ _____ $(5^{log_2 n})$

   (m) $n2^n =$ _____ (3^n)

   (n) $2^n =$ _____ (2^{n+1})

   (o) $n! =$ _____ (2^n)

   (p) $\log n^{\log n} =$ _____ $(2^{(\log_2 n)^2})$

(q) $\sum_{i=1}^{n} i^k =$ ------(n^{k+1})

2. Work problem 0.3(c) on page 9 of the textbook.

3. Consider the following C++ program.

```
void process(int n)
 {
  cout << n << endl;
  if(n > 1) process(n/2);
  cout << n%2;
 }

int main()
 {
  int n;
  cout << "Enter a positive integer: ";
  cin >> n;
  assert(n > 0);
  process(n);
  cout << endl;
  return 1;
 }
```

   The last line of the output of `process(n)` is a string of bits. What does this bitstring represent?

4. The recursive algorithm implemented below as a C++ function is used as a subroutine during the calculation of the level payment of an amortized loan. What does it compute?

```
float squre(float x)
 {
  return x*x;
 }

float mystery(float x, int k)
 {
  if (k == 0) return 1.0;
  else if(x == 0.0) return 0.0;
  else if (k < 0) return 1/mystery(x,-k);
  else if (k%2) return x*mystery(x,k-1);
  else return mystery(squre(x),k/2);
 }
```