

University of Nevada, Las Vegas Computer Science 477/677 Fall 2023

Answers to Assignment 5: Due Sunday October 22, 2023

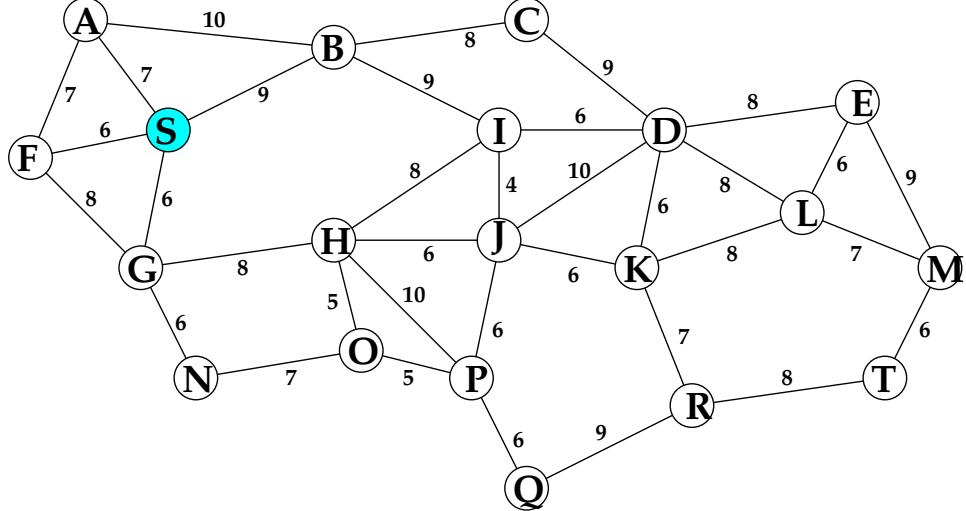
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Walk through Dijkstra's algorithm for the single source minpath problem for the directed graph illustrated below. Instead of numbering the vertices 0 through 19, I have assigned them letters from A to T. The source vertex is S. As I emailed you from Canvas, each edge is two arcs, one in each direction.

After each iteration of the main loop, show

1. The array  $\text{dist}$ , where  $\text{dist}[x]$  is the smallest length of any path found so far from  $S$  to  $x$ . (Initially,  $\text{dist}[x] = \infty$  for most  $x$ .)
  2. The array  $\text{back}$ , where  $\text{back}[x]$  is the next-to-the last vertex on the path of smallest weight found so far from  $S$  to  $x$ .
  3. The contents of heap. Do not try to show the structure of the heap, simply list its members.

3 The contents of heap. Do not try to show the structure of the heap, simply list its members.



I gave the complete answer after each step. Some steps, such as the last two, did not cause any change in the arrays, but I put them in anyway. I would certainly not expect you do go to so much trouble on a homework assignment, much less an exam. You should make due with far fewer copies of the matrix, crossing out values as necessary. Do not erase the crossed out entries.

	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	6	6	$\infty$	{G,A,B}											
back	-	S	S	-	-	-	S	S	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	6	6	14	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	{A,B,N,H}
back	-	S	S	-	-	-	S	S	G	-	-	-	-	-	G	-	-	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	6	6	14	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	{B,N,H}
back	-	S	S	-	-	-	S	S	G	-	-	-	-	-	G	-	-	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	17	$\infty$	$\infty$	6	6	14	18	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	{N,H,C,I}
back	-	S	S	B	-	-	S	S	G	B	-	-	-	-	G	-	-	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	17	$\infty$	$\infty$	6	6	14	18	20	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	19	24	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	{H,C,I,O}
back	-	S	S	B	-	-	S	S	G	B	H	-	-	-	G	N	H	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	17	26	$\infty$	6	6	14	18	20	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	19	24	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	{I,O,J,P,D}
back	-	S	S	B	C	-	S	S	G	B	H	-	-	-	G	N	H	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	17	24	$\infty$	6	6	14	18	20	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	19	24	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	{O,J,P,D}
back	-	S	S	B	I	-	S	S	G	B	H	-	-	-	G	N	H	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	17	24	$\infty$	6	6	14	18	20	26	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	19	24	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	{J,P,D}
back	-	S	S	B	I	-	S	S	G	B	H	-	-	-	G	N	H	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	17	24	$\infty$	6	6	14	18	20	26	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	19	24	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	{P,D,K}
back	-	S	S	B	I	-	S	S	G	B	H	J	-	-	G	N	H	-	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	17	24	$\infty$	6	6	14	18	20	26	$\infty$	$\infty$	12	19	24	30	$\infty$	$\infty$	{D,K,Q}
back	-	S	S	B	I	-	S	S	G	B	H	J	-	-	G	N	H	P	-	-	
	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T	
dist	0	7	9	17	24	32	6	6	14	18	20	26	32	$\infty$	12	19	24	30	$\infty$	$\infty$	{K,Q,E,L}
back	-	S	S	B	I	D	S	S	G	B	H	J	D	-	G	N	H	P	-	-	

	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T
dist	0	7	9	17	24	32	6	6	14	18	20	26	32	$\infty$	12	19	24	30	33	$\infty$
back	-	S	S	B	I	D	S	S	G	B	H	J	D	-	G	N	H	P	K	-

	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T
dist	0	7	9	17	24	32	6	6	14	18	20	26	32	$\infty$	12	19	24	30	33	$\infty$
back	-	S	S	B	I	D	S	S	G	B	H	J	D	-	G	N	H	P	K	-

	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T
dist	0	7	9	17	24	32	6	6	14	18	20	26	32	41	12	19	24	30	33	$\infty$
back	-	S	S	B	I	D	S	S	G	B	H	J	D	E	G	N	H	P	K	-

	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T
dist	0	7	9	17	24	32	6	6	14	18	20	26	32	39	12	19	24	30	33	$\infty$
back	-	S	S	B	I	D	S	S	G	B	H	J	D	L	G	N	H	P	K	-

	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T
dist	0	7	9	17	24	32	6	6	14	18	20	26	32	39	12	19	24	30	33	41
back	-	S	S	B	I	D	S	S	G	B	H	J	D	L	G	N	H	P	K	R

	S	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	T
dist	0	7	9	17	24	32	6	6	14	18	20	26	32	39	12	19	24	30	33	41
back	-	S	S	B	I	D	S	S	G	B	H	J	D	L	G	N	H	P	K	R

Work problems 2, 3, 4, 6 and 7 of the complex number assignment, cmplxhw1.pdf.

2. Find the modulus and argument of each of these complex numbers.

(a)  $\cos(-\frac{\pi}{4}) + i \sin(-\frac{\pi}{4})$

The modulus is 1, the argument is  $225^\circ$ , or  $\frac{5\pi}{4}$

(b)  $1 + i$

The modulus is  $\sqrt{2}$ , and the argument is  $45^\circ$ , or  $\frac{\pi}{4}$ .

(c)  $e^{1+\frac{\pi}{3}i}$

The modulus is  $e$ , and the argument is  $60^\circ$ , or  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ .

3. Write the six 6<sup>th</sup> roots of unity in  $a + bi$  form.

$$\frac{1 + \sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\frac{-1 + \sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$-1$$

$$\frac{-1 - \sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1 - \sqrt{3}}{2}$$

1

4. Write the five 5<sup>th</sup> roots of unity in Polar form.

$\frac{2\pi}{5}$  radians is  $72^\circ$ .

$$\cos 72^\circ + i \sin 72^\circ = \cos \frac{2\pi}{5} + i \sin \frac{2\pi}{5}$$

$$\cos 144^\circ + i \sin 144^\circ = \cos \frac{4\pi}{5} + i \sin \frac{4\pi}{5}$$

$$\cos 216^\circ + i \sin 216^\circ = \cos \frac{6\pi}{5} + i \sin \frac{6\pi}{5}$$

$$\cos 288^\circ + i \sin 288^\circ = \cos \frac{8\pi}{5} + i \sin \frac{8\pi}{5}$$

1

6. Write the eight 8<sup>th</sup> roots of unity in  $a + bi$  form.

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i}{2}$$

i

$$\frac{-\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i}{2}$$

-1

$$\frac{-\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i}{2}$$

-i

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i}{2}$$

1

7. Write  $e^{\frac{\pi}{8}i}$  in  $a + bi$  form. Hint: you will need to compute complex square roots.

This is the principle 16<sup>th</sup> root of unity, with modulus 1 and argument  $\frac{\pi}{8}$  radians, and is one of the square roots of  $\frac{1+i}{\sqrt{2}}$ , which is more properly written  $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}i}{2}$ , since anything except a positive integer in the denominator is frowned upon. Using the formula for square roots of complex numbers, I got  $\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}i}{2}$ .

I verified this answer by squaring it.